



GOVERNANCE MODEL

Final Conference, 28 September 2022



Governance framework for citizen-centric health data sharing: InteropEHRate scenarios

Exchange of EHR data mediated by the citizen



Access to patient's health data in an emergency

RESEARCH ACCESS

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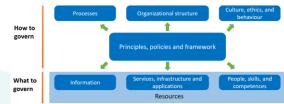
Data sharing for research

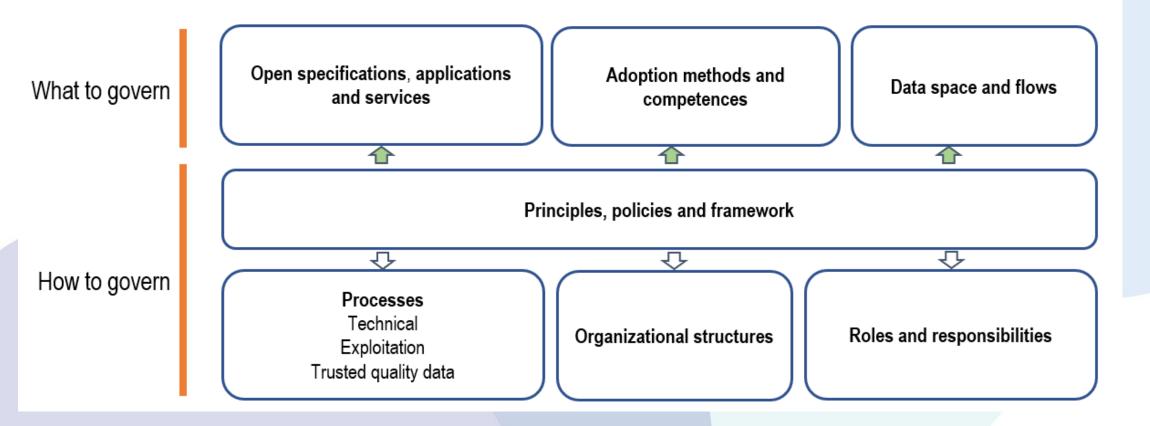
Access to EHR data from primary HCP

Citizen-centric health data sharing

Governance framework for citizen-centric

health data sharing





Adapted governance framework

What to govern

Open specifications (D2D, R2D, RDS, FHIR profiles, security libraries), applications (S-EHR app, cloud) and services (IHS, IRS):

Adoption methods and **competences**: awareness of ecosystem enabler, business cases, SEIA, training, etc.

Data flows: InteropEHRateenabled health data flow

How to govern

Who governs



Technical Exploitation Trusted quality data

Organizational structure

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Principles, policies and framework (EHDS, Data Act, GDPR, Fair data economy)

Culture, ethics and behaviour (implementation of the principles, rulebook)

Governance options

Self-governance (open source community) Health data ecosystem (MedMij-like)

International organization (HL7, IHE Europe)

European/National authority

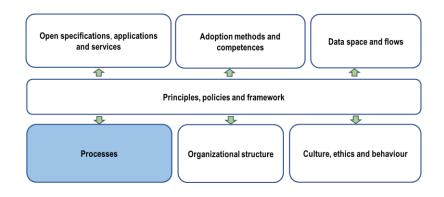
(official certification)

distributed governance

centralised governance

How to govern? Processes

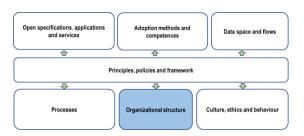
- Maintenance and evolution processes
 - Maintenance of exploitable assets and implementation guides
 - Conformance and quality control
 - Identification of shortcomings and coordination of change requests
 - Evolution, test and validation of novelties
 - Create a testing platform
 - Version management
- 3 Data space and flows
 - Trust-building among data holders and subjects
 - Trusted quality of data
 - Development of the ecosystem rules



- 2 Exploitation and business development processes
 - Identifying change management processes for standards and specifications, engaging the user and stakeholder community.
 - Certification, audit processes.
 - GDPR compliance considerations
 - Sustainability, business model and financial resources

How to govern?

Organizational structure



Governance board

Executive body

Technical Unit

Maintenance and evolution processes

Business Unit

Exploitation and business development processes

Advisory board

Participation body with representatives of endusers, including citizens, healthcare professionals and health researchers.



Governance options

Attributes	Self-governance	Health data ecosystem	International organization	European / National Authority
Keyword	Open source community	Integration in a health data ecosystem	Development of standards	European / National certification / label
Approach	Bottom-up	Middle-out	Middle-out	Top-down
Public-private partnership	Mainly private	Mixt	Mainly private	Public
Industry participation	Open	Limited	Open	Limited



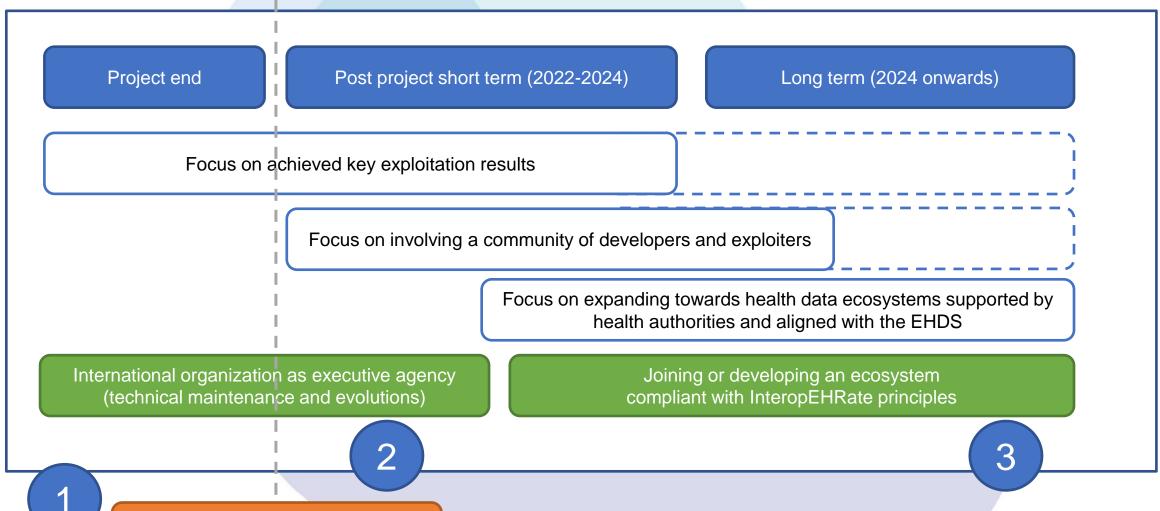
Governance options

- A self-governed community-based organization is in line with the open-source nature of InteropEHRate assets, attractive to create a developers' community and open to the collaboration of multiple organizations.
- An existing international organization, like an SDO, is an optimal candidate to host and manage the technical components of InteropEHRate. It would require to review how the exploitation and data flow assets are governed and managed.
- Direction and support from European / National health authorities would bolster
 InteropEHRate in a phase where it has already shown value at scale in reference sites.
- An ecosystem model of applications or health data exchanges is not foreseen as immediate governance model.



Proposed governance model of InteropEHRate

Proposed governance model: evolving configuration





Thank you!



